APPENDIX 1

CONTRACT PROCEDURE RULES

Introduction

These Contract Procedure Rules (CPRs) are intended to promote good procurement practice, public accountability and to deter corruption. The <u>CPR'sCPRs</u> are mandatory for all Officers. Following them is the best defence against allegations that a purchase has been made unfairly, incorrectly or fraudulently. Officers responsible for purchasing must comply with these CPRs. They lay down minimum requirements. These <u>Contract Procedure RulesCPRs</u> have been written to allow social value, community wealth-building and environmental benefits to be included in procurement decisions.

Social Value for the purpose of these contract procedure rules<u>CPRs</u> is taken to include Community Wealth-Building, Environmental and Economic benefits.

At the time of formal adoption of these CPRs the implementation of the Procurement Act 2023 (PA 2023) is expected to commence on 24 February 2025 and apply to new procurement processes commenced from that date and therefore the CPRs have been drafted on the basis of the PA 2023.

Further advice on the CPRs can be sort by contacting procurement in the first instance. You may also need to contact <u>Legal Services the procurement team</u>

All procurement approaches, whether established and traditional or modern and innovative must comply with all elements of these <u>CPR'sCPRs</u>.

All values referred to in these <u>CPR'sCPRs</u> are exclusive of VAT. <u>However all procurement</u> <u>Thresholds published by Government to trigger compliance with the PA 2023 are inclusive of VAT</u>.

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Сонятитион	
Section 1: Scope of the Contract Procedure Rules	
DEFINITION OF TERMS	Formatted: Font: Bold
In the CPRs, unless the context otherwise demands, the following terms have the meaning assigned to them:	Formatted: Body Text, Tab stops: 1 cm, Left
"Basic Principles"- Rule 1 of the Contract Procedure Rules;	
"Non-Covered Council Contract" are those Council Contracts to which Procurement Legislation do not apply to and include:	
 Contracts of employment which make an individual a direct employee of the Council Grants – see Rule 3 Fines, Payment of taxes and other financial services Agreements regarding the acquisition, disposal, or transfer of land or property (for which 	Formatted: Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at: 0.63 cm + Indent at: 1.27 cm
 Financial Regulations shall apply) Delivery of works and services by an in-house provider (the Council or other public authority 	
 exercises majority control and there is no private investment), Contracts between the Council and other contracting authorities 	
Contracts for the provision of any product or service that has been manufactured or delivered by an illegal means Instruction of the provisionment team such as with legal equipsels/herristers	
 Instruction of the procurement team such as with legal counsels/barristers Any other exempted contracts as listed in Schedule 2 of the PA 2023. 	
Non-Covered Council Contracts to be interpreted accordingly;	
"Procurement Legislation "- (i) the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 as amended (PCR 2015) until such date that it is repealed and superseded by the Procurement Act 2023 (PA 2023) ii) The Procurement Regulations 2024 and any regulations made pursuant to the PA 2023 (by a Minister of the Crown) when they come into effect; iii) insofar that it may apply to the relevant public contract, the Health Care Services (Provider Selection Regime) Regulations 2023 (PSR), and the relevant statutory guidance issued in relation to it; (iv) the Public Services (Social Value) Act 2012 and (v) relevant procurement regulations and any subsequent amendments to, or replacements of, them in relation to UK procurement legislation;	
"Relevant Contract" – a public contract which must follow the relevant rules under the Contract Standing Order Rules and is not a Non-Covered Council Contract:	
(a) Relevant Above-Threshold Contract, and (b) Relevant Below-Threshold Contract	Formatted: No bullets or numbering
"Relevant Above-Threshold Contract" is a public contract for which a procurement process is being undertaken within the scope of the PA 2023 and its regulations, for arrangements which are over the relevant Threshold and cover (including but not limited to): The supply of goods	Promoting East, 11 pt
	Formatted: Font: 11 pt Formatted: No bullets or numbering
(i) The delivery of services or works	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.63 cm, Space After: 6 pt
(ii) The hire, rental or lease of goods or equipment	

(iii) Concession contracts for the supply of services and works

(iv) Contracts or agreements where the provider is employed on a no win/no fee basis;

(v) Light-touch services

(vi) Framework agreements or dynamic markets

and is not a Non-Covered Council Contract

"Relevant Below-Threshold Contract" - Any other Council contract which is

Below-Threshold that is subject to partial application of Procurement Legislation

above £30,000 (inclusive of VAT) for a tender notice and

• is not a Non-Covered Council Contract, an exempted, a concession or utilities contract.

"Threshold"- the applicable procurement public contract financial value at which a public contract becomes subject to the relevant Procurement Legislation.

1.0 Basic Principles

- 1.1 All purchasing procedures in scope of the PA 2023 must:
 - Comply with the Treaty of Rome principles of equality, transparency, non-discrimination, Equal Treatment, Mutual Recognition and proportionality
 - <u>Achievehave regard to the following procurement objectives:</u>
 - <u>Delivering</u> value for money for all,
 - •<u>o Maximising</u> public money spent benefit,
 - Be consistent Transparency, and
 - <u>Acting, and being seen to act</u>, with the highest standards of integrity-.
 - Ensure fairness and transparency in allocating public contracts
 - Comply with UK & EU lawProcurement Legislation and all UK procurement legal requirements
 - Have regard to the National Procurement Policy Statement when it is published and as updated
 - Ensure that non-commercial considerations (except those allowed for in the Social Value Act) do not influence any contracting decision except to the extent that the Council considers it necessary or expedient to do so to enable or facilitate compliance with the relevant duty, or where Procurement Legislation expressly indicates otherwise.
 - Comply with the Council's various-Codes of Practice and the Council's aims and policies
 - Seek to incorporate <u>and ensure the delivery of</u> social value, community wealth-building and environmental benefits.
 - Identify and manage conflicts of interest throughout the process
 - Have appropriate performance management measures in all Relevant Above-Threshold
 <u>Contracts.</u>
 - Treat suppliers the same unless different treatment is justified (and where different treatment is justified, the reasoning for this must be documented).
 - Have regard to small and medium sized enterprises, the barriers they may face and how to reduce those barriers.

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2.0 Officer Responsibilities

2.1 Officers responsible for purchasing must comply with these Contract Procedure RulesCPRs, the Council's Financial Regulations, the Staff Code of Conduct, the Council's Anti-Bribery policy, arrangements for declaring conflicts of interest and Council's Scheme of Delegation and with all UK and European Union binding legal requirements. Procurement Legislation. Officers must ensure that any agents, employees, consultants and contractual partners acting on their behalf also comply. Officers must: and they may be required to enter into a signed agreement to that effect.

2.2. Officers must:

- Plan, define, procure and manage the procurement process in line with updated UK guidance
 published for Procurement Legislation
- -Have proper regard for all necessary legal, financial, technical and professional advice
- Declare any personal financial interest in a contraction ensure that contracts are legally, financially and technically capable. Corruption is a criminal offence
- Report any offers of bribes or inducements
- <u>delivery to the Council</u> Conduct any relevant value for money review
- Ensure that there is adequate budget provision for the procurement being undertaken (including any extensions and options)
- Take into account all relevant procurement notices which must be published for a
 procurement process and current contract (in accordance with the applicable Procurement
 Legislation) and seek advice from the Council's procurement team for any procurement
 concerns
- Uundertake due diligence before any procurement process or contract commences, and once a contract commences yearly checks must be undertaken including for updated insurances, and review of the debarment list for current suppliers (and any of their associated persons) published under Procurement Legislation
- Ensure the Basic Principles are complied with for all Relevant Contracts.
- Declare all conflicts of interest including any personal financial interest in relation to any current procurement process which they may be directly involved with and take appropriate measures to effectively prevent, identify and remedy conflicts of interest arising in the conduct of procurement processes and manage those conflicts of interest throughout the procurement process from the planning stage to the end of the relevant contract's term (see <u>Rule 23</u>)
- Not engage in any fraud, bribery or corruption. Corruption is a criminal offence
- Report any offers of bribes or inducements (see Rule 22)
- Check whether there is an existing contract that can be used before undergoing a competitive process <u>subject to procurement implications</u>
- Undertake all due diligence including reviewing the debarment lists before undertaking market engagement with suppliers and after submission of bids for suppliers, and if applicable their parent company and associated companies (or connected persons) and their proposed sub-contractors.
- Allow sufficient time for the submission of bids
- Allow sufficient time for the submission of bids
- Keep all supplier bids secure and confidential
- Keep <u>written</u> records of all dealings with <u>bidders</u>/suppliers
- _The project manager should ensure the safe keeping of contract documentation in line with the Council's document retention policy.
- Obtain all required approvals and complete a written contract (and sealed, as required) before placing an order or raising a purchase order for any supplies, services or works

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- Where appropriate, notNot award a contract until the standstill period is over (where applicable)
- Enter all purchase order information onto the Oracle financial system
 - Based on the Scheme of Delegation, identify a senior manager who is the designated contract owner responsible for the relationship with the supplier. In addition, a contract manager with responsibility for day to day issues and ensuring the contract delivers as intended may also be appointed
- Ensure that contracts are legally, financially and technically capable of delivery to the Council
- 2.2 When any employee either of the Council or of a service provider/<u>supplier which</u> may be affected by any transfer arrangement <u>in relation to a change of provider following a procurement process</u>, Officers must ensure that the Transfer of Undertaking (Protection of Employment - TUPE) issues are considered.
- 2.3 Unless otherwise delegated, Chief Officers should:
 - Keep records of all purchases and contracts valued below £100,000
 - Ensure that all signed and sealed contracts valued at £100,000 and greater are scanned and entered onto the Contract Register
 - Ensure that all Waivers are recorded under Rule <u>17-17.0</u>

3.0 Grants

- 3.1 For the purposes of these Contract Procedure RulesCPRs, a grant refers to grant-in-aid and is the provision of funding to cover, in whole or, more likely, in part, the running costs of an organisation whose work complements that of the Council. The recipient will have discretion over the spending of that funding within the general framework of controls agreed between the Council and the recipient of the grant.
- 3.2 The terms of a grant are likely to require the other organisation to use the money only for a particular project or service and might require the recipient to pay back the grant, or part of it, in some circumstances. The Council would still, of course, monitor the achievement of the proposed outcomes and any giving of a grant should be subject of a formal contract.
- 3.3 The Council should determine on a case by case basis whether funding is to be considered as a grant or a Relevant Contract by reference to the decision making tool published by the National Audit Office at http://www.nao.org.uk/decision-support-toolkit/. A Relevant Contract is any arrangement made by, or on behalf of the Council the carrying out of works or for the supply of goods, materials or services.

4.0 Collaboration

- 4.1 In order to secure value for money, the Council may enter into a procurement arrangement with a Central Purchasing Body (CPB). The terms and conditions of the CPB must be fully complied with, including any requirement to undertake competition between providers. In order to secure value for money, the Council may enter into collaborative procurement arrangements with another local authority, government department, primaryintegrated care trustboard, statutory undertaker or other contracting authority.
- 4.2 In some areas, the Council may enter into a collaborative service delivery arrangement with one or more other 'partner' organisations (whether local authorities, other public bodies or private sector organisations). In such circumstances, the council may wish to take advantage of a partner's procurement arrangements, expertise and agreements (e.g. frameworks).

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Lancaster City Council Constitution

5.0	Relevant Contracts	
<u>5.1</u>	_All Relevant Contracts must comply with these <u>CPRs. Procurement Legislation and these CPRs</u>	
	do not apply to Non-Covered Council Contracts. Please see Definitions section (at the end of	
	the Constitution beginning of the CPRs) for the description of Non-Covered Council Contract	
	Procedure Rules. These include arrangements made.	
5.2	Relevant Below-Threshold Contracts require certain notices to be published:	
_	a) below threshold tender notice (s87 (1) PA 2023)	
5.3	b) below threshold contract details notice – (s87 (3) PA 2023)	
<u> </u>	Officers procuring Relevant Below-Threshold Contracts have a duty to consider small and medium-sized enterprises	
5.1		
0.1	Council for the carrying out of requiring an assessment of a supplier's suitability to perform it (as	
	in a pre -selection stage) unless it is in relation to a works or the supply of goods, materials or	
	<u>in a pre-selection stage) unless it is in relation to a</u> works of the supply of goods, materials of services. for:	
	Services, tor:	
	The supply of goods, services and works	Formatted: BB-DefNumber(Legal), Left, Space After: 0 pt,
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	 The hire, rental or lease of goods or equipment 	Numbering Style: i, ii, iii, + Aligned at: 3.17 cm + Indent at: 3.81 cm
	 Concession contracts for the supply of services and works 	
	 Contracts or agreements where the provider is employed on a no win/no fee basis. 	
5.2	Relevant Contracts do not include:	
	 Contracts of employment which make an individual a direct employee of 	Formatted: Body Text, Left, Space After: 0 pt, Line spacing: single, Bulleted + Level: 2 + Aligned at: 3.17 cm + Indent
	the Council	at: 4.44 cm, Tab stops: 1 cm, Left
	Grants – see rule 3	
	Fines	
	Payment of taxes	
	Agreements regarding the acquisition, disposal, or transfer of land (for which Financial	
	Regulations shall apply)	
	Delivery of works and services by an in-house provider, including for example: construction,	
	engineering, maintenance, professional services, etc	
	Contracts for the provision of any product or service that has been manufactured or delivered	
	by an illegal means.	

contract over £213,477 (inclusive of VAT).

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Section 2: Common Requirements

6.0 Steps Prior to Purchase

- 6.1 Officers should take the following steps before beginning a procurement exercise:
 - a. <u>DetermineReview all Relevant Contracts to determine when a procurement should be</u> <u>undertaken. If there is contract then determine</u> the service, product or works output taking into account the requirements from any relevant value for money review and the Council's commissioning outcomes
 - b. Appraise the need for the expenditure and its priority for the Council including whether the value crosses the Threshold
 - c. Define the objectives of the purchase
 - d. Assess the risks associated with the purchase and how to manage them
 - Review the Council's process and procedures on pre-market engagement to determine if this is required.
 - e.f. Officers involved in the any part of the design of the procurement, decisions in respect of the procurement and evaluation of tenders must complete the declarations of interest form prior to the evaluation criteria being developed and agreedtheir involvement and prior to the start of the evaluation process
 - g. Determine the terms and conditions of contract and ensure there will be provision for determining contract performance
- 6.2 Officers should also consider what procurement method is most likely to achieve the purchasingobjectives, including packaging strategies, internal or external sourcing, shared services, concession arrangements, partnering arrangements and collaborative procurement arrangements with other local authorities and government departments. Officers should also consider working with NHS Lancashire and South Cumbria Integrated Care Board, statutory undertakers and Central Purchasing Bodies.
- 6.3 Officers should ensure that all procurements including method, contract standards and performance and user satisfaction monitoring and including any collaborative arrangements, are carried out using the Council's principles of co-production and co-delivery. Officers should also use the Council's standard terms and conditions of contract where possible.
- 6.4 The officer must confirm that they have the authority to spend, have obtained the required approval(s) for the expenditure and the purchase accords with the Scheme of Delegation. If the purchase is valued at £250,000 and greater, an entry onto the Council's List of Forthcoming Key Decisions has been made. If the purchase is valued at £50,000 and greater, the relevant Cabinet Member has been consulted.

7.0 **Procurement Records**

7.1 Where the total value is less than £100,000, the relevant officer must ensure that the following records are kept:

- Invitations to quote and quotations or whether invited particular or pre-selected suppliers
- A record of any waivers to the procurement process and the reasons for them
- Written records of communications with the successful contractor or an electronic record if a written record of the transaction would normally not be produced
- Copies of the quotes received must be appended to the relevant requisition

6.2 Where the total value exceeds £100,000, the relevant Chief Officer must ensure that the following records are kept:

- The method for obtaining bids
- The calculation of the estimated value

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The reason for entering into a contract

- The reason/reasons which sufficiently explain/explains any material decisions relating to the award of a public contract (including reasons for not using lots) such as excluding suppliers, assessment of tenders and decisions to award
- Any waiver under Rule 17 together with the reasons for it
- The award criteria in descending order of importance
- · Tender documents sent to and received from tenderers
- Pre-tender research, benchmarking and consultation information
- All tender evaluation documentation. To include the scoring assessment sheet for each of the tender evaluators. Any post-tender clarification information, to include minutes of meetings
- The contract documents
- Contract due diligence checks, implementation and evaluation plan and any monitoring and management information
- Communications with all tenderers throughout the tendering exercise and with the successful supplier(s) throughout the period of the contract
- Record of Social Value offering that is to be measured and delivered through outthroughout the contract-<u>and</u>
- Any other records which may be required by the National Procurement Policy Statement
- 7.3 All contracts must be entered onto the Council's Contract Register held on the supplier portal. The manager responsible for procuring the contract should ensure the safe keeping of contract documentation in line with <u>Lancaster'sthe Council's</u> document retention policy.
- 7.4 All records for public contracts (Relevant Contracts) where a "material decision" was made, must be kept for a minimum of 3 years from when the contract was entered into by the Council and the supplier.

Section 3: Purchasing Rules

8.0	Competition Requirements for Purchases, Partnership Arrangements
	Frameworks-and, Concession contracts and Light- touch contracts
8.1	Officers must calculate the total aggregate value of any contract or purchase. If in doubt,
	Officers should seek the advice of their procurement team.
8.1	Subject to Rule 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5 and 8.16, Officers must estimate the value of a contract as the
	maximum amount the Council could expect to pay under the contract including, where applicable,
	amounts already paid. Values are to include the estimated costs of the contract including
	additional options if selected, extensions if exercised as well as premiums, commissions or
	interest which could become payable at any point of the contract. Where there are lots in a
	procurement which could reasonably all fall under one contract (for instance with supplier
	delivering all lots), these must be aggregated together for the estimated value of the procurement
	(unless there is some justifiable and defendable reason not to do so). All estimated values must
	include VAT. If in doubt, Officers should seek the advice of their procurement team.
8.2	For concession contracts, the estimated value is the amount a supplier might expect to receive
	as a result of the public contract.
8.3	Where Officers are unable to properly estimate the value of a contract, the assumption is that
	the value is above the Threshold. Officers should use their best valuation processes to arrive
	to an estimate and avoid this conclusion.
8.4	Where Officers are undertaking a procurement for a mixed contract (for instance goods and
	works are to be provided by a supplier) such that different Thresholds apply, If the elements are
	not separable then determine which aspect is the main purpose of the contract and that
	Threshold would apply. If the elements are separable then they can either be treated separately
	in relation to their applicable threshold or procured as a mixed contract (applying the lower
	Threshold).
8.5	Relevant Contracts must not be artificially divided into two or more contracts to avoid the
	application of these CPRs or Procurement Legislation. The Council is required to aggregate
	their requirements which can be reasonably aggregated unless there is a reason not to. Officers
	have discretion not to aggregate when they have cause not to. For instance where the goods,
	services or works to be supplied under two or more contracts would be under threshold but due
	to the nature of them, they could reasonably be supplied under a single contract and there is no
	reason not to do so then the contract should be combined and procured together. A good reason
	for not aggregating may include where not aggregating would lead to better outcomes or where
	a business unit has a delegated budget within the Council and procures only for the purpose of
	that business unit or where not aggregating would lead to better value outcomes (such as
	procuring printers from a particular supplier does not mean that the Council should necessarily
	buy all of their toner, paper and servicing from that same supplier if Officers believe they can
	get a better deal elsewhere or if two separate departments require toners for different types of
	printers unless one supplier can provide both).
8.6	Officers are to have regard to the fact that small and medium-sized enterprises may face
	particular barriers to participation and consider whether such barriers can be removed or
	reduced. In relation to frameworks and concession contracts, please contact the procurement
	team. Concession contracts are valued differently than standard contracts for goods, services
	and/or works.
8.2	8.7 The following table shows the procedures and approval process for the Council's

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tendering activities:

Lancaster City Council CONSTITUTION

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<u>No.</u>	Total Aggregate Value	Procedure	Internal Approval	Other Essential Requirement
A	£0.00 up to & including £10,000	One Written Quote	RSO	The quote must represenvalue for money
В	Greater than £10,000 & up to £100,000*	One of: • A framework or dynamic purchasing system (DPS) • Three Written Quotes	RSO	 Unless a framework is used, 3 written quotes to be secured under sealed bid, of which, at least one quote from a local Lancastor supplior* opportunities valued at or greater than £25,000 which are being openly advertised must, in addition to the supplior portal be advertised first publish a 'below-threshold tender notice' on the Contracts Finder central digital platform before being published elsewhere (this will be done via the Council's eSourcing platform) (the Chest) Above £50,000 relevant cabinet member to be consulted. A 'below-threshold tender notice' does not need to be published if the Council advertises only for the purpose of inviting tenders from particular or pre-selected suppliers Please see advertising requirements under Rule 10*it should be noted that for procurements below-EU Thresholds a restricted process can be permitted with all suppliers from the local area, subject to a waive under Rule 17.

			r City Council STITUTION		-
C	£100,000* & up to and including £150,000*	 Formal Tendering through one of the following: A Framework or DPS Tender including advertisement on Lancaster's supplier portal, Contracts Finder, Relevant cabinet member to be consulted. 	Chief Officer	 Pre-qualification Questionnaires may not be used to restrict providers below Public Services Contract Threshold. However, Suitability questions are permitted. There is no longer a requirement to use a selection questionnaire, as under the PCR 2015 when procuring under PA 2023. HoweverHowever, templates can be used such as for works industry pre-qualification questionnaires provided that the templates meet the requirements of the PA 2023 Details on Contract Register Contract placed under seal if advised by Legal <u>Please see</u> advertising requirements under CPR 10. 	Formatted: Normal, No bullets or numbering
D	Greater than £150,000 and up to and including £200,000	 Formal tendering Refer to EUUK rules and requirements. 	Chief Executive	 As C, above_{7.} Above EU threshold pre- qualification allowed. 	Formatted: List Paragraph, Indent: Left: 0.63 cm, Sp After: 8 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.07 li
E	Greater than £200,000	Formal tendering	Chief Executive with delegated authority from Cabinet	 As D, above Above £250,000 published on the Council's List of Forthcoming Key Decisions? 	

8.3

a. Where a contract is valued between public services contract threshold and any higher applicable public contract threshold, it is possible to use a restricted tendering (two stage) process.

<u>8.8</u>

<u>b.</u>	contract threshold Procurement Legislation's Threshold, a single stage process shall be used. Flexible Competitive tendering process for Relevant Above-Threshold Contracts – an open procedure (a single-stage tendering procedure) or competitive procedure (multi-staged	
<u>D.</u>		
	procedure which could restrict participants and include 'negotiation' or 'dialogue' stages) may	
~	be chosen. Framework Contracts – An agreement between one or more contracting authorities and	
C.	5 5	
	one or more economic operators. The term of a framework shall, save duly, justified and	
	exceptional circumstances not exceed 4 years. Frameworks cannot be used in an improper	
	manner that may hinder, restrict or distort competition. All terms and conditions of contract must set out how call-offs from the framework will be made and must be followed. Open	
	Frameworks, under the PA 2023, will be an intermediary between a traditional framework	
	and DPS (see below). If the Officer would like to set up new frameworks under the PA 2023, additional publishing requirements will eaply	
4	additional publishing requirements will apply. Dynamic Purchasing System (DPS) – A completely electronic system used to purchase	
u.		
	commonly used goods, services or works. Unlike a traditional framework the process shall	
	be open throughout the contract term allowing new suppliers to join at any time. A DPS must	
	follow the rules of restricted procedure. No new DPS will commence under the PA 2023,	
	instead there will be Dynamic Markets which can be used for all procurements (and are	
	currently being reviewed before the PA 2023 comes into force). Only the competitive flexible procedure can be used for Dynamic Markets. Officers must comply with the processes for	
	Dynamic Markets in the PA 2023 to commence or procure contracts under them. Below-	
	Threshold contracts cannot be awarded under a Dynamic Market arrangement (currently	
~	under review by the Cabinet Office).	
e.	Concession Contracts (special regime contracts) – To grant to the provider the	
	sole and exclusive right to deliver the contract and to make money from the contact <u>contract</u> .	
	A Concession contract must follow the requirement of the Concession Contract	
	RegulationContracts Regulations 2016 and can follow a single or restricted procedure. <u>until</u>	
£	the PA 2023 comes into effect.	
<u>.</u>	Convertible contracts- these are contracts that become a public contract where	
	modification would take the value above Threshold. Once the modification occurs then the	
	contract will be subject to the full application of the Procurement Legislation. A Contract	
_	change notice would need to be published.	
<u>g</u> .	Clinical/healthcare contracts- these will always be subject to PSR no matter the value.	
	Officers should discuss their requirements with the procurement team to determine if these	
	regulations are applicable.	
W	here <u>a</u> two-stage process is allowed, the tender advertisement must show the number of	Formatted: Indent: Left: -0.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm,
	itably qualified tenderers who will be invited to submit bids.	Space After: 8 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.07 li
0	40. An Officer must not enter into concrete contracte ner celect a method of celeviation.	
	An Officer must not enter into separate contracts nor select a method of calculating	Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: -0.5 cm, Hanging: 1.2 cm, No bullets or numbering
	e total value in order to minimise the application of these contract procedure rules <u>CPRs</u> or to	
av	roid the requirements of the EUProcurement Legislation.	
8.	11 Where extensions of time or variations in price (or both together) are made to an	Formatted: Font color: Black
ex	isting contract, Officers must adhere to the extension and/or variation provisions in the terms	
	d conditions. Officers must compute the amount of the variation and seek approval in	
ac	cordance with the Council's Scheme of Delegation.	
	-	
_	Where a contract is to be terminated before its contracted termination date, this must	Formatted: Font color: Black
be	e approved by the relevant Chief Officer-	Formatted: Font color: Black

8.7

Legal Services8.13 The procurement team, must be consulted where contracts to work for organisations other than the Council are contemplated. 8.14 Light-touch (special regime contracts) - these contracts are wholly or mainly supply of services that have specific Common Procurement Vocabulary (CPV) and include health and social services (unless those healthcare services are covered by the PSR), benefit services, administrative social, educational and cultural services and other services to the community. Procurements for these contracts may be flexible and not all the requirements of the Procurement Legislation will apply (including contract change notices and other transparency requirements). Please discuss your requirements with the procurement team. 8.15 Light Touch contracts can account for user choice and has greater flexibility. When considering or calculating the value of a contract for a regulated procurement, Officers 8.16 should be aware that the thresholds in the PA 2023 are inclusive of VAT. Health-related contracts subject to PSR All other healthcare services will need to be procured in accordance with the PSR unless the 8.17 procurement is for a mixed contract. Officers must ensure that healthcare services are procured correctly with reference to the appropriate contract terms and conditions. 8.18 Officers should discuss their requirements with the procurement team to confirm CPV codes to ensure that the Council follows the applicable Procurement Legislation and procurement process for their contract. There is no value threshold for PSR therefore all relevant healthcare services will be caught under PSR 8.19 The PSR importantly requires the Council to: act with a view to securing the needs of the people who use the services, improving the guality of the services, and improving the efficiency of in the provision of the services ensure decisions about which organisations provide healthcare services are robust and defensible, with conflicts of interest appropriately managed and adopt a transparent, fair, and proportionate process when following the PSR. The PSR is guite prescriptive and Officers making decisions about healthcare services must 8.20 understand the market of providers and the requirements of each award process. Two of the Direct Award Processes (A and B) must be used should the circumstances apply. Officers must determine which award procedure fits with their circumstances and follow the steps in that process: I. Direct award process A This must be used when: There is an existing provider for the healthcare services in question. The Council believes that only the existing provider (or group) can deliver these services due to their nature. The Council is not seeking to establish a framework agreement. July 2024 - Page 13

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II. Direct award process B:

This must be used when:

- Patients have a choice of providers for the healthcare services.
- The Council does not limit the number of providers.
- The Council will offer contracts to all providers meeting the service requirements.
- Providers can express interest in offering the services.
- The Council is not seeking to establish a framework agreement.

III. Direct award process C

This may be used when:

- The Council is not bound by Direct Award Processes A or B.
- An existing contract is due to expire and the Council proposes a new contract with no significant changes.
- The Council believes the existing provider (or group) is meeting the current contract standards and will likely meet the proposed contract standards.
- It cannot be used to establish a framework agreement.
- IV. The Most Suitable Provider process

This is about awarding a contract without competition because the Council can identify the most suitable provider. This process may be used when:

- The Council is not bound by Direct Award Processes A or B.
- The Council cannot or chooses not to follow Direct Award Process C.
- The Council believes it can identify the best provider based on available information, without needing a competitive process.
- This process, called the "most suitable provider process," cannot be used to establish
 <u>a framework agreement.</u>
- V. The Competitive Process

This is about conducting a competitive process to award a contract. This process may be used when:

- The Council is not bound by Direct Award Processes A or B.
- The Council cannot or chooses not to follow Direct Award Process C and also cannot or chooses not to follow the most suitable provider process.
- If the Council wants to establish a framework agreement, it must use the competitive process.

Key criteria

When using Direct Award Process C, the most suitable provider process, or the competitive process, Officers must consider five main criteria:

1. Quality and innovation

Value

2. Pre-Tender Stage

3. Integration, collaboration, and service sustainability

4. Improving access, reducing health inequalities, and facilitating choice

5. Social value.

8.21 Procurement notices are required to be published under the PSR which differ to that in the PCR 2015 and/or PA 2023 (and its secondary legislation).

Table 1: Procurement notices that require publication under PSR processes

	Direct award process A	Direct award process B	Direct award process C	<u>Most</u> <u>suitable</u> <u>provider</u> <u>process</u>	Competitive process
Clear intentions: Publish the intended approach in advance	-	-	-	Yes	-
Clear intentions: Publish a notice for a competitive tender	-	-	-	-	Yes
Communicating decisions: Publish the intention to award notice	-	-	Yes	Yes	Yes
Confirming decisions: Publish a confirmation of award notice	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Contract modification: Publish a	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	Yes	<u>Yes</u>	Yes

						-	
	notice for contract modifications						
9.0 9.1	Preliminary-Market The Officer responsible invitation to tender in ge packaging and other rele Or give an unfair advan with suppliers during the Engagement Notice mu any reason this is not p publishing a Preliminary	e for the purchase may eneral terms about the elevant matters, provide ntage to a potential ca ne tender process. Off ust be published if pre published, and pre m	e nature, level and s ded this does not pre candidate. Officers a fficers must bear in reliminary market en narket engagement	standard of the ejudice any pote are strongly adv mind that a Pre ngagement is un is carried out,	supply, contract ential candidate. vised to engage eliminary Market ndertaken. If for reasons for not		
9.2		ilities (Rule 2) at this whole life costing ba ironment. Steps must vironmental benefits. <u>I</u> le entities, as well as t sider and take steps to	stage. Contracts te asis for the organis t be taken to incorp <u>The Officers must al</u> those organisations to mitigate any supp	endered must n sation but also porate social va <u>also check the de</u> who have perfo plier advantage	hot only achieve for society, the alue, community <u>ebarment list for</u> <u>ormance notices</u> by taking part in		
0.4	the market engagemen treat that supplier as ex	nt process. If the unfai xcluded from the proce	air advantage cannot curement process.	t be avoided the	en Officers must		L. L. L. C. C. T. Manufact. 1.2
<u>9.4</u>	For Contracts or orders before the approval of outcomes and outputs environmental benefits.	of tender has been g is and opportunities f	given. Discussions	s should include	e the contract's		Jent: Left: -0.5 cm, Hanging: 1.25 ne spacing: Multiple 1.07 li
<u>9.5</u>	Preliminary market eng Threshold Contracts. T Below-Threshold tende	There is also no-requir					
10.0 10.1	Advertising and Pre Officers should ensure the might be of interest to pre in a sufficiently access Generally, the greater the the wider the coverage placed as below:	that , where proposed c potential suppliers locat ssible advertisement he interest of the contr	ated in other member is published for a tract to potential bide	er states of the E all potential sup ders from other	U,are published opliers to view. member states,		
	 a. For procurements v <u>Officers</u> are not oblig but may do so using b. For contracts above must advertise the obligation 	iged to formally advert g the Council's supplie	rtise <u>(under Procure</u> er portal. <u>ding VAT)</u> that are b acts Finder <u>until the I</u>	ement Legislatio being openly pro PA 2023 comes	n) the purchase ocured, Officers s into effect then		- Level: 1 + Numbering Style: a, b, ment: Left + Aligned at: 0.63 cm +
	-	.luly 2024	4 – Page 16	_			

- c. Where the value exceeds the <u>current EU thresholdsrelevant Thresholds</u> for supply, service and works contracts, <u>(concession contracts as well)</u>, tender advertisement rules must be followed in accordance with the current <u>EU Public</u> Procurement <u>DirectiveLegislation</u>.
- d. For procurement activity of any value <u>officersOfficers</u> may use additional advertisements in national official journals, specialist trade papers or websites, if relevant and if affordable.

10.2	0	fficers must review the estimated value of all contracts against current Thresholds to determine
	w	hat legal and Council process requirements are to be followed.
Nc	otice	<u>25</u>
10.3	0	fficers need to be aware of the requirements to publish notices, the contents within them and
10.0		hen they need to be published when the PA 2023 comes into effect:
	<u>a.</u>	If preliminary market engagement is to be undertaken and there are no reasons for not doing
		so then a notice must be published with the relevant information
	<u>b.</u>	If Officers estimate that the total annual spend of a contract for goods, services, or works
		contracts (above and below Threshold) would be over £100 million then a pipeline notice must be published within the first 56 days of the beginning of that financial year (no later than
		26 May each year if financial year starts on 1 April). In this notice, the Council needs to
		publish specified information on all upcoming contracts valued at £2 million or more expecting
		to be advertised in a tender notice or other procurement notice in the next 18 months following
		the first day of the financial year
	<u>C.</u>	If Officers wish to inform the market of a procurement and/or to reduce tendering periods
		then a planned procurement notice may be published at least 40 days before but no more
		than 12 months before the day the tender notice is to be published.
	<u>d.</u>	Officers need to publish tender notices with all relevant information (including KPIs) in order
		to commence the procurement process.
	<u>e.</u>	Before awarding a contract, in order to start standstill, a Contract Award notice must be
		published.
	<u>t.</u>	If Officers have satisfied conditions for a direct award, then a Transparency Notice must be
	~	published and before the direct award is entered into.
	<u>y</u> .	A contract details notice is to be published when a Relevant Above-Threshold Contract is entered into and must be published within 30 days of entering into a public contract (or 120
		days for light touch contracts but this does not apply to user choice contracts); and as soon
		as reasonably practicable after entering into a Relevant Below-Threshold Contract.
<u>10.4</u>		fficers need to be aware that during the lifetime of the Relevant Above-Threshold Contract, e following notices are still required to be published:
	<u>u</u>	e following notices are still required to be published.
	<u>a.</u>	Payment compliance notices - a biannual requirement to publish prescribed information (set
		out in regulations) about payments made or due to suppliers under public contracts in the
		preceding six month period.
	<u>D.</u>	Information about Payments— which provides specified information about any individual
		payment they make under a public contract which is over £30,000 (inclusive of VAT). This is a guarterly requirement, with the publication within 30 days of the end of the guarter.
	c	<u>a quarterry requirement, with the publication within 30 days of the end of the quarter.</u> Contract Performance Information— for those contracts worth more than £5 million (inclusive
	0.	of VAT) where at least 3 KPIs have been set, Officers must, at least once a year, review the
		supplier's performance against the KPIs and publish information relating to that assessment.
		In addition, where there has been a breach of contract that has led to termination, damages
		or a settlement agreement (or the supplier fails to perform), Officers must publish information
		relating to the breach or failure within 30 days of it arising.
	<u>d.</u>	Contract Change Notice- to indicate that a change will be entered into (this is published
		before the modification is carried out) and Officers must also publish a copy of the contract
		as modified for all contracts with an estimated value of more than £5 million (inclusive of VAT)
		within 90 days of the modification.
	<u>e.</u>	Contract Termination Notice— other than in limited circumstances, the Council must publish
		a contract termination notice within 30 days of the date of expiry or termination of the contract.
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- 10.5 Officers need to also bear in mind that the Council must publish below-Threshold notices if the estimated value of the public contract is £30,000 or more (inclusive of VAT) unless the Council intends to only invite quotes from particular or pre-chosen suppliers.
- 10.6 In the contract details notices (over £5 million), a description of the KPIs (or any reasons why not applicable) must be included, specifically at least the 3 most material to the performance of the contract. Officers must therefore take their time and develop the KPIs before publishing.
- 10.7 Please see table of notices below which describes the various notices under PCR 2015 and PA 2023. Those highlighted are mandatory in those particular circumstances.

Notice	PCR 2015 (applies to existing	PA 2023 (when it comes in force
	contracts)	and applies to contracts procured
		under it)
Pipeline Notice	<u>n/a</u>	The pipeline notice should list all planned procurements starting from the first day of that financial year for the whole financial year and the first half of the next financial year where the estimated contract value exceeds $\pounds 2$ million.
		The Council will be required to publish their first annual pipeline notice by May 26th 2025. This must contain the title of the procurement and estimated date when the tender notice or Transparency Notice (for direct awards) would be published.
		Mandatory for organisations where procurement spend is over £100 million.
Planned Procurement Notice	<u>n/a</u>	An optional notice type that the Council can use in the pre- procurement stage to provide advanced notice of an upcoming procurement (similar to a PIN). This may be published anytime between 40 days and 1 year before the publication of an official tender notice.
PIN	Optional and does not apply to 'light-touch' services contracts. Publishing this will not amount to commencement of a procurement process unless it is published as a call for competition.	<u>n/a</u>
Preliminary Market Engagement Notice	<u>n/a</u>	If preliminary market engagement is to be undertaken and there are no reasons for not doing so then a notice must be published with the relevant information. If the Council does not start preliminary market engagement by publishing a notice, it must explain

	1	
		why it did not publish this notice when
		it publishes its tender notice or
		Transparency Notice (for direct
Contract Nation	Derwined for beginning a	awards).
Contract Notice	Required for beginning a	<u>n/a</u>
	competitive procurement process (except for call-offs from	
	frameworks or direct awards)	
Below-Threshold	Publication elsewhere first, with	For Relevant Below-Threshold
Notice	the notice required to be	Contracts Officers must first publish a
Notice	published on Contracts Finder	'below-threshold tender notice' on the
	within 24 hours of it appearing	central digital platform before being
	elsewhere.	published elsewhere via the Council's
		eSourcing platform (the Chest).
		coourding platform (the offest).
		There is no requirement to publish a
		below-threshold tender notice where
		the Council invites quotes, proposals
		or tenders from a closed group of pre-
		selected suppliers, (i.e. suppliers on a
		framework) or from one or more
		targeted individual suppliers, provided
		it does not advertise the procurement
		in any other way (for example in a
		newspaper or on a local website or
		portal).
The All of		The company of the last of the second s
Tender Notice	<u>n/a</u>	The Council must publish tender notices with all relevant information
		(including KPIs and evaluation
		methodology) in order to commence
		the procurement process (similar to a
		Contract Notice under the PCR 2015
		which starts the procurement
		process).
		<u>process).</u>
		This is be published when
		undertaking an open or competitive
		flexible procedure (including to
		establish a framework agreement and
		procuring using a dynamic market) or
		procuring a regulated below-threshold
		contract.
Contract Award	Must be published within 30	Must be published to communicate
Notice	days after contract award.	the outcome of the procurement and
		to commence the standstill period
		prior to awarding a contract under the
		open or competitive flexible procedure
		(and voluntary standstill periods for
		direct awards). This must contain information about the 'assessed
		tenders' and where the contract is
		over £5 million it must state the
1		over to minion it must state the

		unsuccessful suppliers who submitted
		tenders. Note that although this is also
		called a "contract award notice", it is a
		different notice to that published
		under the PCR 2015.
Procurement	n/a	Must be published where, after
Termination Notice	<u>11/a</u>	publishing a Tender Notice or
Termination Notice		
		Transparency Notice, the process is
		terminated without awarding a
		contract.
Contract Details	<u>n/a</u>	This notice informs the market that the
Notice		contract has been entered into, as
		well as details of the procurement
		process used, the successful bidder
		and the awarded contract (including
		the contract, for public contracts
		£5m+), including regulated below-
		threshold contracts shows a cortain
		threshold contracts above a certain
		value and those procured by direct
		award.
		This must be published within 30 days
		for Relevant Above-Threshold
		Contracts; and as soon as reasonably
		practicable after entering into a
		Relevant Below-Threshold Contract.
Modification Notice	Required in some instances	(similar to Contract Change Notice).
modifiedation Hotioo	where modifications exceed	<u>termilar to contract enange rectory.</u>
	PCR 2015 thresholds	
Contract Change	n/a	Must be published to provide details of
Notice	<u>11/a</u>	most modifications (save for lower
NOLICE		
		value modifications) that have been
		This must be published before the
		This must be published before the change is made and the Council may
		This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For
		This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For
		This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the
		This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the
		This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the
		This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the
Transparency Notice	n/a	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself.
Transparency Notice	<u>n/a</u>	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself.
Transparency Notice	<u>n/a</u>	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself.
Transparency Notice	<u>n/a</u>	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award (note this is not a direct award under
Transparency Notice	<u>n/a</u>	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award (note this is not a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a
Transparency Notice	<u>n/a</u>	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023
Transparency Notice	<u>n/a</u>	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023 where the Council is not required to
Transparency Notice	<u>n/a</u>	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023
Transparency Notice Voluntary Ex Ante	<u>n/a</u> Published in limited	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023 where the Council is not required to
Voluntary Ex Ante	Published in limited	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023 where the Council is not required to compete the contract).
Voluntary Ex Ante Transparency	Published in limited circumstances to justify a direct	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023 where the Council is not required to compete the contract).
Voluntary Ex Ante	Published in limited circumstances to justify a direct award without competition	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023 where the Council is not required to compete the contract).
Voluntary Ex Ante Transparency ("VEAT") Notice	Published in limited circumstances to justify a direct award without competition before a contract is entered into.	Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award (note this is not a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023 where the Council is not required to compete the contract).
Voluntary Ex Ante Transparency ("VEAT") Notice Contract Termination	Published in limited circumstances to justify a direct award without competition	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023 where the Council is not required to compete the contract). N/a The Council is required to issue a
Voluntary Ex Ante Transparency ("VEAT") Notice	Published in limited circumstances to justify a direct award without competition before a contract is entered into.	This must be published before the change is made and the Council may apply a voluntary standstill period. For contracts with a value of over £5m, the Council must publish a copy of the whole modified contract or the modification itself. Must be published prior to award when undertaking a direct award under a framework agreement – this is a direct award permitted by the PA 2023 where the Council is not required to compete the contract).

		contract concluded (such as expiry, termination, discharge, court order, rescinded). The Council will at the same time need to provide details around the reason for the termination.
Contract Performance Notice	<u>n/a</u>	The purpose of this notice is to report on the supplier's performance against any KPIs that have been established or where the Council considers that the supplier is not performing to its satisfaction. This notice is also to be used where the supplier breaches a public contract.
		Must publish KPI scores for public contracts £5m+ (at least annually). Publish within 30 days of supplier poor performance / breach of contract.
		At least once every 12 months (and more frequently, if provided for in the contract and contract details notice), the contracting authority must assess and then publish details of supplier performance against the set KPIs to the central digital platform.
Contract Payment Notice	<u>n/a</u>	Must publish details of payments over £30,000 under a public contract (quarterly). Officers will not be responsible for publishing the payment notices and this will be done by procurement and finance.
Payment Compliance Notices	<u>n/a</u>	Must be published detailing the Council's compliance with the PA 2023's requirement to pay invoices within 30 days of receiving such invoices from suppliers and must publish details of performance against 30-day payment terms (twice annually). Officers will not be responsible for publishing the payment notices and this will be done by procurement and finance.

11.0 Standards & Award Criteria

11.1 The Officer must ascertain the relevant EU, UK, European or international standards which apply to the subject matter of the contract Relevant Contracts. The Officer must include those standards which are necessary properly to describe the required quality. Legal Services UK Standards may be referred to if it adopts international equivalent standards. If there is neither an international standard mor UK standard with the equivalent international standards, then UK standards may be specified. The procurement team must be consulted if it is proposed to use standards other than European international or UK standards.

- 11.2 The Officer must define award criteria that are appropriate to the purchase and designed to secure an outcome giving Value for Money for the Council. The current basic criteria shall beis:
 - I. "Most Economically Advantageous", where price and quality elements are considered. All elements to be fully identified (including sub-criterion) in the Invitation to Tender (ITT) documentation. Quality elements should include delivery of Social Value-or "Highest Price" if payment is to be received for sale or disposal (PCR 2015); otherwise
 - b. "Highest Price" if payment is to be received for sale or disposal Award
 - b. When the PA 2023 comes into effect, Relevant Contracts are to be award on the basis of the "Most Advantageous Tender" (MAT) which is the tender that the Council considers best meets its requirements and satisfies the award criteria weightings. Contracts awarded on the basis of MAT may also be determined on the basis of a wide range of factors this may include price and quality criteria in addition to wider social and environmental issues where that is decided to be relevant for the best solution.
- 11.3 <u>Current award</u> criteria must not include non-commercial considerations except those set out in the Public Services (Social Value) Act 2012, the Procurement Strategy or matters which discriminate against suppliers from the European Economic Area or signatories to the Government Procurement Agreement and must reflect the subject matter of the contract. This is subject to change in relation to regulations created under the PA 2023. This is due to change under the Procurement Act 2023 so that this can be dis-applied to certain public contracts. Current Regulation 17 of the Draft Procurement Act 2023 (Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulations 2024 identify geographic location as a non-commercial matter that can be taken into account for below-threshold contracts.
- 11.4 Social Value outputs will be included in any contract award criteria, where the contract value is above £100,000. For contracts below £100,000 officersOfficers should still include Social Value output wherever possible.

11.5 Officers must consider the Basic Principles (maximising public benefit) and National Procurement Policy Statement when setting Social Value requirements.

12.0 Invitations to Tender & Quotations

- 12.1 The invitation to tender shall state that no tender will be considered unless it is received by the date and time stipulated in the Invitation to Tender.
- 12.2 All Requests for Quotes or Invitation to Tenders valued at £10,000 and greater must be conducted online through the <u>Supplier Portal._Council's supplier portal and the designated government procurement portals where greater than £30,000 (inclusive of VAT).</u> Officers and suppliers will be provided with guidance and support on how the system works and where they can get help.
- 12.3 All Invitations to tender to include the following:
 - The requirement that all Tenders and their responses for contracts valued at £100,000 and greater must be completed online.
 - b. A specification that describes the Council's requirements. <u>Specifications must set out a clear</u> and comprehensive description of the Council's requirements with regard to the supplies, services or works to be procured. The specification must include KPIs (unless below £5m and/or there are justifications not apply them.) A requirement for tenderers to declare that the tender content, price or any other figure or particulars concerning the tender have not been disclosed by the tenderer to any other party (except where such a disclosure is made in confidence for a necessary purpose). Named products or manufacturers must not be specified unless Officers consider it necessary in order to justify their requirements.

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- c. A requirement for tenderers to complete fully and sign all tender documents including a form of tender and certificates relating to canvassing and non-collusion.
- d. Notification that tenders are submitted to the Council on the basis that they are prepared at the tenderer's expense.
- e. A description of the award procedure and, a definition of the award criteria in objective terms and if possible, in descending order of importance

f. Weighting for award criteria and calculation of the scores

- f.g. The method by which any arithmetical errors discovered in the submitted tenders is to be dealt with; in particular, whether the overall price prevails over the<u>individual</u> rates when it <u>comes to a bidder's tender's price being considered "abnormally low"</u> in the tender or vice versa
- h. A statement to the effect that any tender that does not comply with the Council's requirement will be excluded from further consideration
- i. And any other rules and instructions set out in the Invitation to Tender
- 12.4 All Invitations to tender or quotations must specify the goods, service or works that are required, together with the terms and conditions of contract that will apply (see <u>Rule 16Rules 18 and 19</u>).
- 12.5 Tenders that are returned without a requested signed Form of Tender will be considered as non-compliant.
- 12.6 All candidates invited to tender, or quote must be issued with the same information at the same time and subject to the same conditions. Any supplementary information must be given on the same basis.

Conditions of Participation (PA 2023)

- 12.7 Suppliers must satisfy the conditions of participation in order to qualify to be awarded a public contract following a competitive tendering procedure. These conditions are that the supplier has
 - legal and financial capacity; and/or

technical ability

to perform the contract, and must be proportional having regard to the nature, complexity and value of the contract (Supplier Assessment Conditions). There is no requirement to set conditions under any heading which is not relevant to the procurement therefore Officers can use just one heading.

- <u>12.8</u> These Supplier Assessment Conditions may be used to limit the number of suppliers in an initial participation round via a pass/fail mechanism or using objective criteria to score suppliers as set out in the tender notice.
- 12.9 The Supplier Assessment Conditions must be general and allow equivalent qualifications, experience or technical ability but cannot break the rules on technical specifications (as required under Procurement Legislation), require submission of audited accounts or insurances in place before award of the contract.
- 12.10 There is no longer a requirement to use a standardised selection questionnaire under PA 2023

 however templates can still be used provided they comply with PA 2023 requirements. The government has published a Procurement Specific Questionnaire template for use under the PSR and while not mandatory for the Council's use, it is recommended that Officers use this template.

 Please
 find
 template
 at https://www.procurementpathway.civilservice.gov.uk/documents/template/pa-2023-procurement-specific-questionnaire or request a copy from the procurement team.
- 12.11 The Supplier Assessment Conditions are different to the award criteria which assesses the tender.

12.12 Conditions of participation only apply to Relevant Above-Threshold Contracts. 13.0 Shortlisting Any shortlisting must have regard to the financial standing, technical capacity and capability 13.1 relevant to the contract and the award criteria. 13.2 Where the contract value relates to the EU thresholds over Threshold, Officers must adhere to specific shortlisting rules that apply in respect of the EU Directives Procurement Legislation. 13.3 Under the PA 2023, shortlisting or two stage tendering can be done under the competitive flexible procedure but cannot be used in the open procedure. 14.0 Submission, Receipt & Opening of Tenders & Quotations 14.1 Tenders of £100,000 or greater must be returned directly using the Council's supplier portal. Further information on the e-tendering system is available from the procurement team. Tenders must be submitted directly to the portal. 14.2 An electronic reverse auction should only be used following discussion with the Procurement Manager. The procedure enables suppliers/providers to adjust their tender price in the light of information from the tender prices submitted by competing suppliers/providers, then alterations will be accepted as permitted by the auction process. - This can only be done for open procedures and the technical details need to be described in the tender notice 14.3 All submitted tenders must be opened at the same time whenafter the period for submission has ended and not before the date of submission.

- 14.4 Suppliers who have expressed interest or have been invited to participate in a tender must be given adequate period in which to prepare and submit a proper quotation or tender, consistent with the complexity of the contract requirement. The EU Directive on public procurement includes specific tendering time periods.
- 14.5 Any tender that does not comply with the Council's requirement, as set out in the tender invitation, should normally be excluded from consideration, with the circumstances recorded. Officers may, however, seek the agreement of the Chief Officer Governance and procurement to relax these requirements in appropriate circumstances.

15.0 Clarification Procedures and Post Tender Negotiation

Providing clarification of an invitation to tender to potential or actual candidates or seeking 15.1 clarification of a tender, in writing, is permitted. Discussions with tenderers after submission of a tender and before the award of a contract (post tender clarification) with a view to clarifying obvious omissions, mistakes or errors, false statements or abnormal offers in the tender submitted, operational provisions or terms and conditions of contract are permitted, and should be done wherever possible through the supplier portal. Officers are expected to evaluate the tenders as submitted and other than corresponding with the tenderer for minor or non-material clarifications, under no circumstances should any tenderer be given the opportunity to engage in negotiations with regard to pricing or any other material aspects of the tender. Where post tender clarification discussions negotiations are to take place with a supplier, suppliers as part of the procurement process, this should be stated in the tender notice and the procurement documents and all tenderers involved in the respective exercise must be notified and all. All information and correspondence must be documented by the Officers conducting the clarification. Competitive flexible procedure allows for negotiation at any stage of the procure process is designed that way by officers.

^{15.2} However, discussions with tenderers after submission of a tender and before the award of a contract with a view to obtaining adjustments in scope, price, delivery or content (i.e. post-tender negotiations) must be subject to the current EU/UK Public Procurement Directives.

Lancaster City Council Constitution

	3 <u>15.2</u> The officerOfficer may negotiate the terms of a Tender formfor one or all andidatesbidders in writing or at a meeting, provided that:	Formatted: Normal, No bullets or numbering
 	 The Chief Officer -is satisfied that the <u>officerOfficer</u> carrying out the negotiation has the skill and competency commensurate with the complexity and value of the contract and has authorised such actionConfirmation of authorisation is to be kept as a record. The Procurement Manager should be made aware of any Post Tender negotiations that are taking place. Notes of that meeting are taken and agreed with all the parties The <u>officerOfficer</u> seeks advice and support from the Procurement Manager The <u>officerOfficer</u> has regard and follows the Council's Code of Conduct for Employees at all times. 	
be	15.3 Officers may seek authorisation to carry out negotiations on contracts that are currently- ting delivered; this may be with regard to price or quality. Authorisation will be granted by the Chief ficer	Formatted: Normal, No bullets or numbering
	15.5 <u>15.4</u> Where post-tender clarification results in a fundamental change to the specification (or contract terms) the contract must not be awarded but re-tendered.	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.63 cm, No bullets or numbering
16.0	Evaluation, Award of Contract & Debriefing of Candidates	
16.1	Apart from the debriefing required or permitted by these CPRs, the confidentiality of quotations,	
	tenders and the identityidentities of candidates must be preserved at all times and information	
I	about one candidate's tender submission must not be given to another candidate.	
In acc	ordance with Regulation 24 you must "take appropriate measures to effectively prevent, identify	
	and remedy conflicts of interest arising in the conduct of procurement procedures so as to avoid	
	any distortion of competition and to ensure equal treatment of all economic operators". <u>16.2</u>	
	Officers involved in the evaluation must review and update their conflict of interest	
	declarations before evaluation.	
16.3	Officers must check to determine if a tenderer is an excluded or excludable supplier, assess	
10.0	conditions of participation, where the tenderer or its nominated subcontractor is located, the	
	tender meets all requirements, whether the price could be abnormally low, and is compliant with	
	the tender documents and procedural requirements.	
16.2	16.4 Contracts must be evaluated and awarded in accordance with the award criteria and	Formatted: Indent: Left: -0.75 cm, Hanging: 1.39 cm, No
	agreed evaluation methodology as published in contract notices and the procurement	bullets or numbering
	documents.	
16.3	16.5 Any evaluations that are undertaken independently should have scores determined, if	
•	necessary, by a tender evaluation panel during a moderation meeting. All documentation	
	pertaining to the evaluation and decision including minutes, individual scores and notes are to	
	be retained. Officers must ensure full written legible notes are made by evaluators and	
	moderators to have an audit of the evaluation.	
16.4	<u>16.6</u> If arithmetical errors are found in a tender or the bidder's tender submission or	
	is deemed to be "abnormally low" they these should be clarified with the tenderer. If the rates in	
	the tender, rather than the overall price, were stated within the tender invitation as being	
	dominant, an amended tender price may be requested to accord with the rates given by the	
	tenderer.	
16.5	<u>16.7</u> Officers may accept quotations and tenders received in respect of proposed	
	contracts, provided they have been sought and evaluated fully in accordance with these contract	
	procedure rules <u>CPRs</u> and in respect of the Scheme of Delegation.	

16.8	_Where the total value of a Relevant Contract is at £100,000 (excluding VAT) and greater, both		
	the successful and unsuccessful tenderers (those that submitted a tender which was evaluated)		
	should each be provided with an assessment summary.		
16.9	As required under Procurement Legislation:		
	a. Relevant Below-Threshold Contracts		
16.6	-The successful Supplier should be notified as soon afterpromptly in writing, through the decision		
	as possible.		
	 If supplier portal that they have been selected to carry out the contract falls 		
	within the PCR's 2015 then the appropriate Regulations should be		
	followed. The <u>.</u>		
	ii. Unsuccessful suppliers should be informed, in writing that they have not		
	been selected to carry out the contract at the same time as the		
	successful Supplier.		
	b. Relevant Above Threshold Contracts		
	i. The successful Supplier should be notified promptly in writing, through the		
	supplier portal that they have been selected to carry out the contract.		
	ii. Unsuccessful suppliers should be informed, in writing that they have not		
	been selected to carry out the contract at the same time as the successful		
	Supplier.		
	iii. Both successful supplier and unsuccessful suppliers must be provided		
	with assessment summaries		
	46.7iv. A contract award notice must be completed and published. This notice	Formatted: Numbered + Level: 3 + Numbering Style: + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Right + Aligned at: 4.13	
	cannot be published until all bidders have been issued with an assessment	Indent at: 4.44 cm	un +
	summary and will trigger the start of the standstill period will commence from the date the final letter is sent. The letters must		
	 Follow the Alcatel The "mandatory standstill period as specified under Regulation 87 of the PCR 2015. 		
	b. In accordance with Regulation 86(2) the notice must provide the unsuccessful tenderers		
	feedback to their total score, the reasons for the decision, including a narrative		
	explanation of the characteristics and relative advantages of the winning tender.		
	c. Officers must provide unsuccessful candidates with a " is the period of at least ten		
	calendar8 working days in beginning with the day on which to challenge the decision		
	before the Officer awards the a contract. If the decision is challenged by an unsuccessful		
	candidate, then the Officer shall not award notice is published or such other later date	Formatted: Font color: Black	
	as provided for in the contract and should immediately seek the advice of the Council's		
	Legal Services.	Formatted: Font color: Black	
	d.v. If during the alcatel period a candidate requests in writing the	Formatted: Numbered + Level: 3 + Numbering Style:	1 11 111
	reasons award notice. This does not apply for specific contracts such as	+ Start at: 1 + Alignment: Right + Aligned at: 4.13	
	award of direct award, in accordance with a framework, reference to a	Indent at: 4.44 cm	
	dynamic market or a contracting decision, the Officer must give the	Formatted: Font color: Black	
	reasons in writing within 15 days of the request. light-touch contract.		
16.10	Assessment summaries must include information about the assessment of the tender and if		
	different, the most advantageous tender- the successful tender.		
16.11	When evaluating prices, indexation may be allowed if provided for under the contract. General		
	increases in contract prices in relation to indexation depends on the mechanism in the contract.		
	Officers to consider this when valuing contract and determining whether the value can exceed		
	the relevant procurement thresholds (noting the existence of convertible contracts see Rule 8.8		
1			

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<u>above)</u>

<u>16.12</u>	The Council is required to confirm with the preferred supplier that their information on the central	
	digital platform is up-to-date and accurate. Officers must ensure that this step is undertaken	
	before any contract award step is taken.	
17.0	Waiyara (Single Tender Action Direct Award Contracts)	
17.0	Waivers (Single Tender Action – Direct Award Contracts)	
17.1	For <u>Relevant Above-Threshold</u> Contracts above the PCR's 2015 thresholds, it is recognised that,	
	under exceptional circumstances, only, one provider may be <u>chosen by the Council</u> able to fulfil	
	the needs of the Council. The Public Contracts RegulationsProcurement Legislation do not	
	provide <u>only</u> a single term to cover such arrangements and consequently they may be referred	
	to by various names. These will include Single Tender Action, Direct Awards, Single Sourcing,	
	Waivers etc. All must be treated in the same manner. Officers may carry out a selection process	
	or take such other preliminary steps as they considers appropriate for the purpose of directly	
	awarding a contract	
17.2	A Single Tender Action is the award of a contract to a single or a limited groupsupplier, service	Formatted: Indent: Left: -0.75 cm, Hanging: 1.5 cm
	provider or contractor of Suppliers, Service Providers or Contractors the Council's choosing	
	without undertaking a competitive tendering exercise. Such action is permitted under the EU	
	Procurement Directives in the following, exceptional circumstances:	Formatted: Font color: Black
	a. Technical Reason - Only one enterprise has the expertise to do the work required for novel	
	prototypes and development (PA 2023)	
	b. Exclusive Rights - only one party can perform the contract due to intellectual/industrial	Formatted: Font: Bold
	property rights e.g. patents/trademarks or copyright	Formatted: Font: Bold
	c. Artistic Rights - engaging an artist or performer in the creation or acquisition of a unique	
	work of art or artistic performance	
	d. Urgency – strictly necessary for reasons of extreme and unavoidable urgency,	
	e. Additional/Repeat delivery of services/goods or works by existing supplier -a change	
	in supplier would be different or incompatible with the current supplier and the difference of	
	incompatibility would result in disproportionate technical difficulties in operation or	
	maintenance.	
	f. Reserved repeat delivery of similar services/goods or works by previous supplier -	
	only if indicated in previous tender notice or tender document no more than 5 years from	
	request of repeat.	
	d.g. Consultancy Services _ follow up work to complete the assignment previously	Formatted: Font: Bold
	awarded on a competitive tendering exercise-	Formatted: Font: Bold
	h. For Contracts below the PCR's 2015 threshold Protect life - considered necessary for	
	protection of human, animal or plant life or health or protections of public order/safety (PA	
	<u>2023)</u>	
	i. Excluded supplier – if there is an overriding public interest in awarding the contract to that	
	supplier	
	j. No suitable tenders were submitted following a competitive procedure	
	k. Purchase of commodities - goods purchased on the commodity market (direct award under	
	<u>PA 2023)</u>	
	I. Advantageous terms on insolvency - Awarding a contract to a particular supplier will	
	ensure particularly advantageous terms due to the supplier undergoing insolvency	
	proceedings	
	m. Or any other circumstance as provided for in Procurement Legislation.	
17	.3 For Relevant Above-Threshold Contracts, Offices are required to complete a waiver	
	before entering into or applying a contract modification (See Rule 27).	

	17.2	<u>17.4</u> For Relevant Below- Threshold Contracts, the Council and its Cabinet may waive any- requirements within these CPRs for specific projects. However, consideration must be given to the risk of legal challenge should a decision not to advertise the requirement and proceed to award the contract or framework without competition be made. The Council may delegate that authority in line with section 8.2 of these Standing Ordersthe Constitution and the Chief Officer Governance - Normally the. The circumstances under which a waiver can be agreed include those listed in 17.1 and:	Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0 cm, Hanging: 1.25 cm, No bullets or numbering
I	a. b.	Demonstrable Best Interest : it can be demonstrated that it is in the Council's best interest and this is clearly demonstrated in the comments section in the waiver report Emergency: There is a clear need to provide a service or product immediately in the instance of a sudden unforeseen crisis; the immediate risk is to health, life, property or environment. Normal competitive processes are not feasible	
	c. d.	Changing an Existing Contract : making significant improvements and/or changes to an existing contract. This will usually be captured in a contract variation waiver Urgency : there exists an unforeseen situation calling for prompt action in order to provide a product or service that fulfils a specific statutory obligation, e.g. health and safety requirements. Competitive processes may not be feasible	
	f.	authorised in the original Officer Delegated Decision	
<u>17.5</u>	5Si • •	 ingle Tender Actions will not be permitted in the following circumstances: time constraints through poor project planning previous relationships with suppliers to avoid a competitive tendering exercise. 	Formatted: Indent: Left: -0.75 cm, Hanging: 1.5 cm, Space After: 8 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.07 li
17.3	W	All waivers, the reasons and the justification for them and the period for which the- aiver is valid must be recorded and signed off by the relevant officer and manager in ccordance with the Council's Scheme of Delegation.	Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: -0.75 cm, Hanging: 1.5 cm, No bullets or numbering
<u>17.7</u>	cc	single tender still requires a set of Invitation to Tender documents including terms and onditions and scope of works to be drafted and issued, and a written formal response to be ade by the supplier through the Council's e-tendering portal.	

<u>17.</u>8 17.4 The decision-making route for waivers is as follows: Waiver

Value	Decision Maker
£0.00 up to £150,000	Chief Officer
£150,000 and greater	Monitoring Officer or Section 151 officer

17.9 A Transparency Notice must be published before a contract is directly awarded.

17.10 In relation to urgency and Relevant Above-Threshold Contracts, a direct award is permitted where the requirement for goods, services or works is strictly necessary for reasons of extreme urgency and cannot be procured via a competitive tendering procedure and has been brought about by circumstances unforeseeable by and not attributable to the Council.

Section 4: Contract Documents & Other Formalities

18.0 Contract Documents

- 18.1 All relevant contracts should be in writing and should set out the parties' obligations, rights and risk allocations.
- 18.2 All relevant contracts, irrespective of value, should clearly specify:
 - a. What is to be supplied (i.e. the works, materials, services, matters or things to be furnished, had or done)
 - b. The provisions for payment (i.e. the price to be paid and when)
 - c. The time, or times, within which the contract is to be performed
 - d. The provisions for the Council to terminate the contract
 - e. The terms and conditions to be applied to the contract
- 18.3 The Council's terms and conditions of contract should be used wherever possible rather than the suppliers. If you intend to use the supplier's terms advice must be sought from the Logal Servicesprocurement team.

18.4 If the Council's standard terms and conditions are not used, every relevant contract of purchase over £100,000 (excluding VAT) must also state clearly as a minimum:

- a. That the contractor may not assign or sub-contract without prior written consent
- b. How the contractor would indemnify the Council against any negligent act or omission
- c. Any insurance requirements
- d. How the contract may be ended because of non-performance or otherwise
- e. How intellectual property is dealt with
- f. How services may be varied
- g. That the contractor should pay the living wage
- h. Important<u>At least 3 materially important key</u> performance indicators (unless not appropriate - see rule 19.5)
- i. Health and safety requirements
- . Ombudsman requirements, if relevant
- k. Data protection requirements (GDPR), especially where data processing is to be <u>undertaken</u>, if relevant
- I. That charter standards are to be met if relevant
- m. Race relations requirements

18.5

- n.m. Requirements under the Equalities Act 2010
- e.n. Anti-fraud, Corruption and Modern Slavery
- p.o. Freedom of Information Act requirements
- q-p.____Where Agents are used to let contracts, that Agents must comply with the Council's contract procedure rules CPRs
- r.g. A right of access to relevant documentation and records of the contractor for monitoring and audit purposes if relevant
- s.r. Special conditions relating to Responsible Procurement
- t.s. Where required Special Conditions (as required by the Council) relating to Works Contracts The formal advice of Legal Services The procurement team must be sought for the following contracts:
 - a. Where it is proposed to use a supplier's own terms
 - b. Those that involve insourcing or outsourcing
- 18.6 In addition to Legal advice the advice of the Procurement Manager should be sought for contracts:
 - a. Where the total value exceeds £100,000
 - b. Those involving leasing arrangements
 - c. That are complex in any other way.

- 18.7 Officers must arrange for the original copy of all signed contracts to be lodged with Legal Services the procurement team as soon as the contract has been awarded.
- 18.8 Where possible, Relevant Above-Threshold Contracts should expressly state those terms and conditions which are implied into them by the Procurement Legislation):

Electronic invoicing

- Payment terms in contract and sub-contracts (including Relevant Below-Threshold Contracts) right to terminate public contracts, and
- Framework terms

19.0 **Contract Formalities**

- All contracts should be concluded formally in writing before the supply, service or construction 19.1 work begins.
- 19.2 The Officer responsible for securing signature of the contract must ensure that the person signing for the other contracting party has authority to bind it.
- Subject to any exceptions as provided elsewhere in the Scheme of Delegation, all contracts to 19.3 be made under seal (other than contracts for the sale and acquisition of land at auction, electronic e-auctions and insurance contracts) will be determined by the Chief Officer Governance
- Where contracts are completed by each side adding their formal seal, such contracts shall be 19.4 attested by the Chief Executive or Chief Officer-. The seal must not be affixed without the proper authority. A contract must be sealed where in the opinion of the Chief Officer Governance : a. The Council wishes to enforce the contract more than six years after its end
 - b. The price paid or received under the contract is a nominal price and does not reflect the value of the goods or services
 - c. There is any doubt about the authority of the person signing for the other contracting party
- Officers must set at least 3 key performance indicators for all public contracts with an estimated 19.5 value of more than £5 million (including VAT) except where Officers determine it is not appropriate (for instance one-off delivery of goods).

20.0 **Publishing Contract Information**

- <u>20.1</u> The Council must publish a copy of all contracts which are more than £5 million
 - a. If a light touch contract within 180 days from the day the contract is entered into; or
 - b. other public contract within 90 days from the day the contract is entered into,

which may be redacted. Officers should review with the information governance team before publishing.

Where the Officers have set KPIs the Council is to publish at least the 3 of the most material 20.2 KPIs annually for the lifetime of the contract therefore all Relevant Above-Threshold Contracts must have adequate performance monitoring and reporting mechanism. This information needs to indicate how the contract has been performed against set criteria:

Rating	Description
Good	Performance is meeting or exceeding the key performance indicators
Approaching target	Performance is close to meeting the key performance indicators
Requires improvement	Performance is below the key performance indicators
Inadequate	Performance is significantly below the key performance indicators

	<u>Rating</u>	Description	
	<u>Other</u>	Performance cannot be described as good, approaching target, requires improvement or inadequate	
		•	Formatted: Font color: Black
20.0 21.0	Bonds & Par	ent Company Guarantees	Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: 0 cm
20. 1	- <u>21.1</u> The Company Guar	Officer must consult the appropriate Chief Officer -to determine whether a Parent- antee (PCG) is necessary and at what level when a Candidatecandidate is a	Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: -0.75 cm, Hanging: 1.39 cm, No bullets or numbering
	subsidiary of a p	parent company and:	
21.2	b. There is s <u>c. The cano</u> <u>mandatory/c</u> Further to Rule	based on evaluation of the parent company, or some concern about the stability of the candidate <u>or</u> lidate, associated or connected persons (or parent company) are listed in the discretionary grounds debarment list (see Rule 20.2). 20.1 (c.), the Officers will need to make an assessment as to whether the 'self- ation is sufficient and acceptable.	
20.2	2 <u>21.3</u> The needed, the val	Officer must consult the appropriate Chief Officer –about whether a Bond is- ue it must be where it is proposed to make stage or other payments in advance whole of the subject matter of the contract and there is concern about the stability	Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: -0.75 cm, Hanging: 1.39 cm, No bullets or numbering
<mark>21.0<u>22.(</u> 21.1</mark>	- <u>22.1</u> The accept any gift of	of Corruption Officer must comply with the Officer Code of Conduct and must not invite or or reward in respect of the award or performance of any contract. High standards bligatory. Findings of corrupt behaviour in Council officers may lead to dismissal.	Formatted: Normal, Indent: Left: -0.75 cm, Hanging: 1.39 cm, No bullets or numbering

22.023.0 Declaration of Interest

- 22.1 <u>23.1</u> If it comes to the knowledge of a member or an employee of the Council that a contract in which he or she has a pecuniary interest has been or is proposed to be entered into by the Council, he or she shall immediately give written notice to the Chief Officer Governance.
- 22.2 Such written notice is required irrespective of whether the pecuniary (financial) interest is direct or indirect. An indirect pecuniary interest is distinct from a direct pecuniary interest in as much as it is not a contract to which the member or employee is directly a party.
- 22.3 A shareholding in a body not exceeding a total nominal value of £1,000 or 1% of the nominal value of the issued share capital (whichever is the less) is not a pecuniary interest for the purposes of this standing order.
- 23.4 Responsible Officers must take reasonable steps to identify, and keep under review, any actual or potential conflicts of interest that any staff or consultant has in relation to a Relevant Above-Threshold Contract and mitigate the effect of a conflict of interest by taking reasonable steps to avoid putting a supplier at an unfair advantage or disadvantage. If the conflict of interest cannot be avoided or mitigated to nullify any advantage or if a supplier to undertake mitigated steps then that supplier is to be treated as an excluded supplier and not be allowed to participate in the procurement process.
- 23.5 Where an Officer (or consultant) is involved in the decision-making process, and has a personal, professional or financial interest (whether direct or in direct) in relation to a Relevant Contract, the Officer should declare this interest whether or not it is in existence at the time of the declaration or could arise in the future should certain circumstances occur as this could be considered a perceived conflict of interest.
- 23.6 Where conflicts of interest exists, potentially could or could be perceived to exist, Officers need to determine what can be done to mitigate the effects and put into effect as soon as reasonably possible.
- 23.7 Before commencing an above Threshold procurement, a conflict assessment is to be prepared before a tender or Transparency Notice is published. This assessment must include details of the conflict of interest, steps taken or will be taken to mitigate conflicts of interest and address circumstances which the contracting authority considers are likely to cause a reasonable person to wrongly believe there to be a conflict or potential conflict of interest. Officers should discuss with the procurement and information governance team before publishing.
- 23.8 A record of all declarations of interests notified by Officers will be maintained. Reviewed and revised as necessary (before any Tender Notice, Transparency Notice, dynamic market notice, Contract Details Notice or Contract Change Notice is to be published) confirming that this has been completed. The review and confirmation requirement ceases to apply after the Council has published a procurement or contract termination notice.
- 23.9 While these provisions do not apply to below-Threshold procurements, Officers should undertake responsible due diligence and take a proportionate approach to having a conflicts of interest assessment.

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Section 5: Contract Management

23.024.0 Managing Contracts

- 23.1 Chief Officers are to name contract managers for all new contracts. All contracts should have a named Council contract owner and contract manager for the entirety of the contract.
- 23.2 <u>24.2</u> Contract managers must follow the procedures set out in the Council's Contract Procedure RulesCPRs and are responsible for KPI assessments and providing all contract information in the relevant form, required to be published.

24.025.0 Risk Assessment & Contingency Planning

24.1 25.1 Provision for resources for the management of the contract, for its entirety, must be identified in the business case.

- 24.2 <u>25.2</u> For all contracts with a value of £100,000 and greater, the contract manager must:
 - a. Maintain a risk register during the contract period
 - b. Undertake appropriate risk assessments and for identified risks
 - c. Ensure contingency measures and business continuity plans are in place
- 25.3 Prior to commencing an above- Threshold procurement process, the risk types need to be identified and any mitigating steps would need to be considered:
 - Known Unknowns there is insufficient information for consequences to be known in advance; the risk is lower priority/non-critical, due to unknown probability and impact; and the cost of defining the risks up-front and building into the contract may be disproportionate against the actual cost paid if the risk materialises. This can, for instance be mitigated by Officers by undertaking pre-market engagement, design an appropriate specification that considers the risks and developing relevant KPIs to manage the risk or likelihood of these 'known unknown' risks occurring. Officers could also detail in tender documents and/or notices how the risks may impact satisfactory performance of the contract, why it cannot be addressed 'upfront' in the contract, raise the possibility of additional modification if any of these 'known unknown' risks later materialise and who is assigned it in the tender documents and notices. These are risks that the Council is aware of but unaware of size and effect of impact. For instance if the council wishes to refurbish one of their buildings and while they can undertake site surveys which does not identify problems, the risk remains that some issues with the building fabric may still be uncovered if for instance the building was not fully surveyed. Known elements of a risk are those that can be reasonably identified in advance of the risk materialising and the unknown elements of a risk are those that cannot be reasonably identified in advance of the risk materialising due to insufficient information on the probability and impact.
 - b. Unknown Unknowns unforeseeable risks that Officers are not aware of, and therefore also unaware of the size and effect of their impact. This can, for instance be mitigated by Officers undertaking pre-market engagement to help identify potential risks using market / supplier knowledge.
 - c. Known Knowns foreseeable risks that Officers are aware of, and are also aware of the size and effect of their impact. This can, for instance be mitigated by Officers undertaking premarket engagement, design an appropriate specification that considers the risks and developing relevant KPIs to manage the risk or likelihood of it occurring. Officers could also detail the risk in the tender documents and notices which could be beneficial if the risk materialises and the Council needs to modify the contract accordingly (costs must not be increased by more than 50%).

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25.0 26.0	Contract Monitoring, Evaluation & Review	
25.1 26.1	All contracts valued at £100,000 and greater are to be subject to regular formal reviews with the-	F
	contractor. An initial review should be done at the first 3 months of a contract start date and on-	3
	going reviews should then be conducted on a regular schedule.	<u> </u>
25.2 26.2		ļ
	High Profile. This process must be applied at key stages of major procurements.	3
25.3 26.3	_During the life of the contract, the Officer must monitor a contract in respect of:	
1	a. Performance and compliance with specification and contract	3
	b. Cost and any value for money requirements including inflation, bonuses, any gain/share	I
	arrangements and the application of service credits (if relevant)	
	c. Whether payment of valid and non-disputed invoices (or such other payable sum) are made	
	by the Council within 30 days of receipt of it. This is to be published twice a year.	
	d. All contract variations, the reasons for them and whether they affected the cost/value of the contract (and the difference in pounds and percentage change in comparison to the originally	
	awarded value of the contract); and ensure contract has been modified within 90 days of the	
	modification for publishing-only those contracts estimated or modified to be over £5million.	
I	e.e. User satisfaction and risk management	
	d.f. Equality Assessment Progress Report (including Living Wage)	
	e.g. Supplier Financial Health Check	
	f.h. Relevant Due Diligence clarifications including Modern Slavery	
1		
	i. Performance of KPIs/ service levels and the how the supplier is performing the contract	
	against the KPIs in particular the top 3 most material KPIs essential to that contract	
	j. Social Value	
	k. Environmental	
	I. Insurances to be maintained under the contract	
	m. records for contract termination	
	n. any audits which are undertaken during lifetime of contract	
27.0	Modifications	
27.1	Any variation to contract for a contract valued above the Threshold can only be varied if the	
	variation is a permitted modification and not a substantial modification in accordance with	
	Procurement Legislation.	

- 27.2 All variations of current or future Relevant Above-Threshold Contracts will need to be varied in accordance with the applicable Procurement Legislation. all variations should be reviewed by Legal Services prior to the agreement of any variation. Permitted modifications include:
 - Change provided for in the contract
 - Urgency and protection of life(PA 2023)
 - Unforeseen circumstances (subject to the change not exceeding 50% of the value of the original contract under PCR 2015; and the proposed change does not increase the estimated value of the contract by more than 50% under PA 2023)
 - Materialisation of a known risk (subject to the change does not increase the estimated value of the contract by more than 50% PA 2023)
 - Additional goods, services or works (under PCR 2015 provided that any increase in price does not exceed 50% of the value of the original contract; and under PA 2023 provided the modification would not increase the estimated value of the contract by more than 50%)
 - Convertible contract' (PA 2023)
 - Any other permitted modification allowed under the applicable Procurement Legislation.

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<u>27.3 Fc</u>	r Relevant Above-Threshold Contracts, Officers are required to complete a waiver before entering into or applying a contract modification (see Rule 17 above) such as before a contract change notice is published.
<u>27.4 V</u> a	ariations to Relevant Below-Threshold Contracts (subject to whether it is a convertible contract) and light touch contracts are allowed. Input from the procurement team should be requested by Officers.
<u>PA</u> 27.5	2023 Before any modification to a contract can be made, a contract change notice must be published unless there is an exception (such as if the modification increases or decreases the estimated value of the contract by 10% or less for goods or services or 15% or less for works; or the contract term by 10% or less of the maximum term provided for on award).
<u>27.6</u>	Under the PA 2023, changing the term of a contract term by more than 10% of the maximum term is considered substantial (calculated in months). Officers must therefore ensure they account for all possible extensions in all Relevant Contracts.
<u>27.7</u>	If the change increases or decrease the estimated value of the contract by 10% or less for goods or services or 15% or less for works unless the modification is permitted in relation to novation or transfer of the contract on corporate restructuring (PA 2023).
<u>27.8</u>	Modifications apply to the value of the contract at the time of the modification (i.e. the estimated value of the contract immediately before the modification is made) - therefore if more than 1 modification is applied to the contract, the value will be the new value (including the previous modification) rather than the old value.
<u>27.9</u>	Officers may observe a voluntary standstill period of at least 8 working days from the day of publication of the contract change notice and it is strongly recommended to do so to provide additional protection for the Council. If Officers are choosing not to apply the voluntary standstill period, this would need to be discussed and agreed with the procurement team.
<u>27.10</u>	Officers must publish either the modification or the modified contract within 90 days of entering into it, provided that a contract change notices is required to be published and the estimated value of the contract is more than £5 million.
	blic Contracts Regulations 2015 (as amended) (PCR 2015) Officers must note that any changes made to Relevant Above-Threshold Contracts that started their procurement process or existed before the PA 2023 comes into effect are still subject to the modification rules of the PCR 2015. It is important to check when the contract was procured and if calling off a framework agreement, check when the framework agreement was established. If they were procured with the PCR 2015 were in force, then the PCR 2015 will apply to modifications under them.
<u>27.12</u>	Permitted modifications are allowed if the value is below 10% of the initial contract value for service and supply contracts and 15% of the initial contract value for works contracts, provided that the modification does not alter the overall nature of the contract.